

Q:1 . [A] Fill in the blanks. [4]

1. French is the official language of the people of Congo.
2. All parallels are at an equal distance from each other.
3. Frigid zone is famous for its Midnight sun.
4. Most of the Congolese are Bantu Negroes.

[B]. Write True or False. [4]

1. In Torrid Zone forests are known as rain forests. F
2. Every map has a language. T
3. Weather affects our daily activities. T
4. There are three heat zones.T
5. 21 December is the shortest day of the year. F
6. Parallels and meridians form a network on the Globe called a grid. T
7. The Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean on the Earth. T
- 8.The earth takes 365 days to completes one rotation. F

Q:2. Match the following. [4]

- |                  |                               |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Arctic Circle | A. 66 ½ N                     |
| 2. yellow        | B. desert and scrubland       |
| 3. -----         | C. district                   |
| 4. 21 March      | D. Spring Equinox             |
| 5. weather       | E. atmospheric condition      |
| 6. physical map  | F. physical features          |
| 7. South Pole    | G. 90 S                       |
| 8. French        | H. official language of Congo |

[B] Write word meanings. [4]

1. Symbol –a sign that shows meaning.
2. grid- a network formed by parallels and meridians on the globe
3. tilted- not straight
4. altitude- height of a place above the sea level.

Q:3. [A] Write capitals of the following. [2]

1. Telangana- Hyderabad
2. Odisha- Bhubaneswar

[B] Write one word answers.

[4]

1. How many parallels are there? 181
2. The revolution of the earth causes Seasons
3. It causes day and night. Rotation
4. It is the fixed path on which the earth rotates. Orbit

Q:4. [A] Write short answers. (any four)

[4]

1. Name the four lakes that the Congo is famous for.

Ans: Albert, Edward, Kivu and Tanganyika are four famous lakes.

2. What kind of climate do the areas in Temperate Zone experience?

Ans: The areas in Temperate Zone experience moderate climate.

3. What are the two movements of the earth?

Ans: The two movements of the earth are -rotation and revolution.

4. What is a map?

Ans: A map is a representation of the earth's surface or a part of it on a flat surface.

5. What are meridians?

Ans: Lines drawn from the North Pole to the South Pole on a map or a globe.

[B] Write any one short note.

[4]

1. Map:

- The word map is derived from the latin word 'mappo'
- A map is a representation of the earth's surface on a flat surface.
- Maps show continents, countries, cities and neighbourhood and market places.
- Maps too have their disadvantages.
- A curved surface can not be shown accurately on a paper.
- A map can not be as accurate as a globe but it shows details.

2. Climate

Q:5 [A] Answer the following questions.[any three]

[6]

1. Differentiate between climate and weather.

Ans: Weather is condition of air, temperature, wind, air pressure, rainfall and humidity in the atmosphere. Weather keeps changing.

Climate refers to the weather condition of a place over a long period of time for 30 to 40 days.

2. What is a leap year? How is it caused?

Ans: A year with 366 days is known as a leap year. The earth completes one revolution in  $365 \frac{1}{4}$  days. the  $\frac{1}{4}$  day of every year is added to make one extra day which is added every fourth year to the month of February.

3. What is a grid? How does it help us to find the position of a place?

Ans: The parallels and meridians form a network on the globe called a grid. The point at which a latitude and longitudes meet help us to locate a place.

4. Describe the people of Democratic Republic of Congo.

Ans: The original inhabitants are short stature pygmies. They are very short measuring less than 150 cm in height. they are still hunters and food gatherers. A large number of Congolese are Bantu Negroes.

[B] Draw the diagram of the revolution of the Earth causes season.

[4]



